



How to wash



DRY PAIL

- Store in a dry pail/basket with holes for aeration.
- Flush poo and/or use a nappy sprayer.
- Rinse poo and night nappies thoroughly before dry pailing.

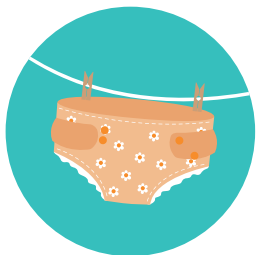


WASH

Prewash: Use a short cycle with half the recommended dose of detergent for a normally soiled load, up to 60°C.

Main Wash: Use the longest cycle on your machine with the full dose of detergent for a heavily soiled load, up to 60°C.

- A good quality mainstream detergent will give best results. Avoid 'baby' detergents as they are not strong enough to properly clean your nappies.
- A pre-wash cycle removes the bulk of the soiling, so that the main wash is done in clean water.
- Washing nappies every second day helps to prevent smells, ammonia and mould from developing and deteriorating fabrics.



DRY

- Line drying outdoors is economical and environmentally friendly.
- Hang covers/shells in the shade/indoors to prevent sun damage.
- Inserts can be tumble dried following the manufacturer's directions.
- It is best to air dry your covers/shells, but if you need to tumble dry them use a low temperature and dry for only a few minutes.



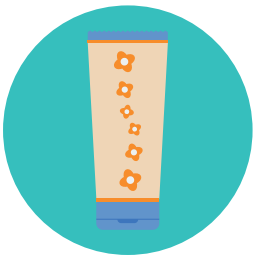
NIGHT NAPPIES

- Night nappies contain a greater quantity and concentration of urine. A separate, thorough hand-rinse in the morning using hot water and detergent is recommended. Dry pail as usual.



NEW NAPPIES

- Wash new nappies thoroughly to remove manufacturing residues.
- May require changing more frequently until they reach maximum absorbency.



BARRIER CREAMS

- Rash and barrier creams will wash out in hot water with a good quality detergent.
- Use a liner if needed.



HANGING

- For nappies that contain elastics (especially all-in-ones or fitted nappies) be conscious of how they are hung, so the elastics are not being stretched while drying. Hang them length ways across the line to prevent additional wear and tear.



WASH AIDS

- The use of chlorine bleach may void your warranty. Please contact your nappy manufacturer for more information.
- Don't use fabric softener or vinegar on your nappies. Fabric softener coats the fibres of the fabric, causing them to repel. Vinegar may cause breakdown of the components of your nappy.
- Pretreating nappies with laundry soap eg. Sard/Sunlight/Velvet will help to prevent stains.
- Napisan/Vanish type products can be used in-wash following the package directions. If using Napisan to pretreat inserts, a short soak just before washing is usually all that is needed to lift stubborn stains. Do not wet pail.